# **Stretching and Curvature in Chaotic Flows**

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#### **Material Lines in Flows**

How do material lines embedded in a chaotic flow evolve?

⇒ Stretch, Twist, Fold

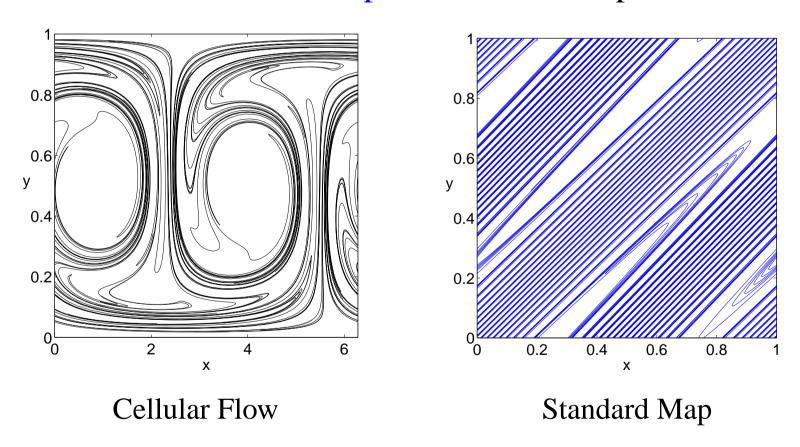
#### Relevance:

- Magnetic dynamo: evolution of magnetic field in a plasma.
- Chemical and biological mixing: creation of intermaterial contact area.
- Polymer mixing (i.e., DNA): follow material lines closely.
- Much is known about stretching, but less about the bending of material lines (generation of curvature and torsion).

Some interesting regularities, such as a close anticorrelation between stretching and curvature.

### **Stretching and Folding**

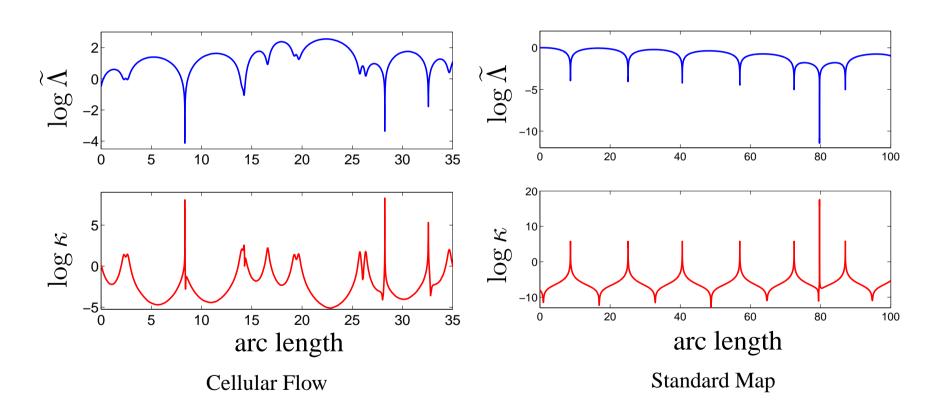
Traces out the unstable foliation of the flow. Note the sharp folds that develop.



Can look surprisingly regular even in extremely chaotic cases.

## Stretching along a Material Line

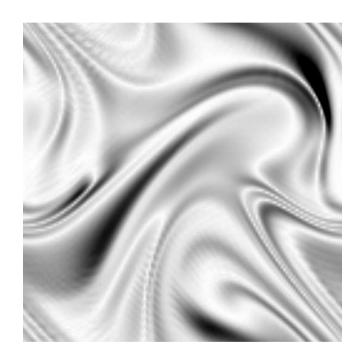
 $\widetilde{\Lambda}$  is the deviation from mean stretching.



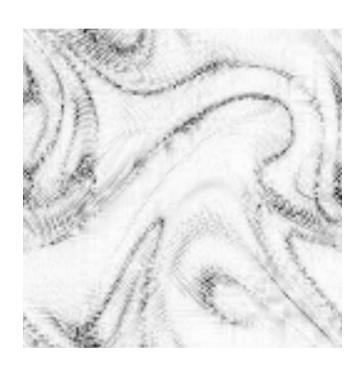
⇒ Suppression of stretching. [Drummond & Münch, JFM 225, 529 (1991)]

# **Stretching and Curvature: the Dynamo**

A similar effect was recently observed for the magnetic dynamo.



Magnetic field, B



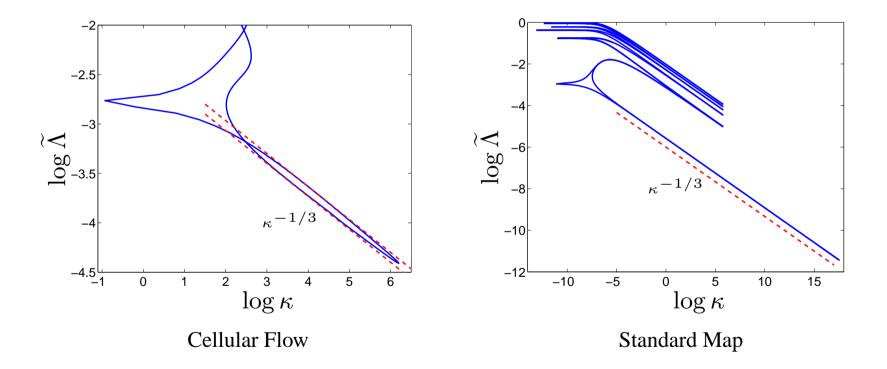
Curvature of B,  $\kappa$ 

The magnetic field and its curvature are anticorrelated

[Schekochihin et al., Phys. Rev. E **65**, 016305 (2002)]

# Stretching vs Curvature along a Material Line

Power law relation around sharp folds: The "-1/3" law.

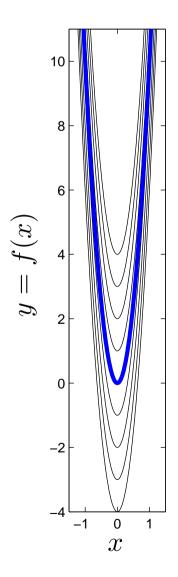


The law is very robust even with varying degree of chaos and different flows (2D and 3D).

### **A Foliation of Bends**

#### Some observations:

- Material lines are not isolated objects.
- Continuum of other material lines.
- Standard map resembles a foliation of bends.
- Distance between lines is not constant: Compression is not uniform.
- Curvature is readily computed (geometrical).
- How do we relate to stretching?



## **Conservation Law for Lyapunov Exponents**

The tangent to the material line aligns with the unstable direction of the flow, û, the direction of maximum stretching.

That direction satisfies the crucial constraint

$$\nabla \cdot \hat{\mathbf{u}} + \hat{\mathbf{u}} \cdot \nabla \log \widetilde{\Lambda} \longrightarrow 0,$$
 (exponentially)

[JLT, Physica D **172**, 139 (2002)] following earlier work by [Tang & Boozer, Physica D **95**, 283 (1996)] and [JLT & Boozer, Chaos **11**, 16 (2001)].

This is a conservation law on for  $\widetilde{\Lambda}$  along the unstable manifold.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \tau} \log \widetilde{\Lambda} + \nabla \cdot \hat{\mathbf{u}} = 0, \qquad \tau \equiv \text{arc length along } \hat{\mathbf{u}}$$

Convergence of  $\hat{\mathbf{u}} \Rightarrow \text{increase in } \widetilde{\Lambda}$ .

Assuming a foliation of bends with shape y = f(x), the divergence of  $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$  is easily computed,

$$\nabla \cdot \hat{\mathbf{u}} \simeq \frac{\partial \hat{u}_x}{\partial x} = -\frac{f'f''}{(1+f'^2)^{3/2}}.$$

Derivative of  $\widetilde{\Lambda}$  along  $\hat{\mathbf{u}}$ :

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \tau} \log \widetilde{\Lambda} = \hat{\mathbf{u}} \cdot \nabla \log \widetilde{\Lambda} = \frac{1}{(1 + f'^2)^{1/2}} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \log \widetilde{\Lambda},$$

Equate and integrate to yield

$$\widetilde{\Lambda} \sim (1 + f'^2)^{1/2}$$
.

To exhibit the relationship between stretching and curvature, we use

$$\kappa(x) = |f''(x)|/(1+f'^2)^{3/2}$$

for the magnitude of the curvature and obtain finally

$$\left|\widetilde{\Lambda} \sim |f''(x)|^{1/3} \kappa^{-1/3}\right|$$

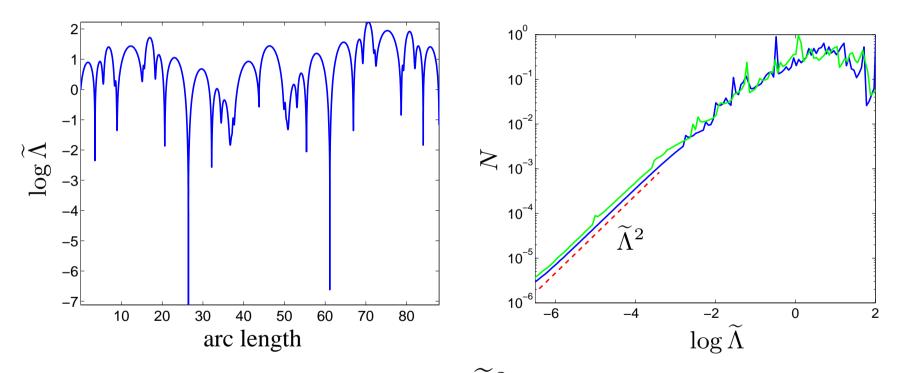
For quadratic f,

$$\widetilde{\Lambda} \sim (\kappa/\kappa_0)^{-1/3}$$
,

so that the power-law relation holds exactly.

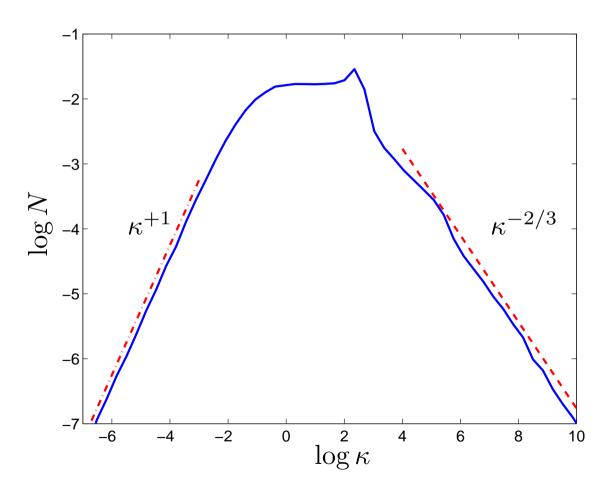
The shape of the bend and y-dependence of the tangent vector field will cause deviations from the -1/3 law.

### PDF of Stretching along a Material Line



The "folding" model predicts the  $\widetilde{\Lambda}^2$  tail of the probability of extremely low stretching events. Exponential ("fat") tail: large fluctuations from the mean stretching.

### **PDF** of Curvature



Stationary distribution. Tails seem independent of specific flow.

Mean moves to the right in less chaotic flows.

### **Conclusions**

- Stretching anticorrelated with curvature.
- Around sharp bends, observe stretching  $\sim$  curvature<sup>-1/3</sup>.
- Can be explained using a conservation law for Lyapunov exponents.

### Ongoing work:

- The consequences of constraints in physical applications (for the dynamo [JLT & Boozer, Physics of Plasmas 10 (2003)]).
- Evolution of torsion. Constrained, like curvature?
- Understand PDF of curvature. 2D special?