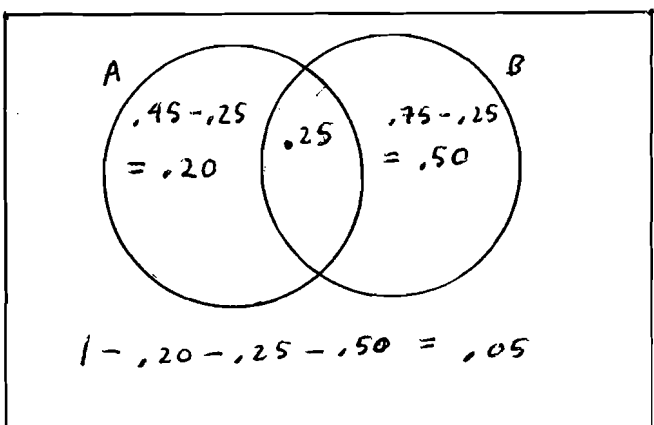
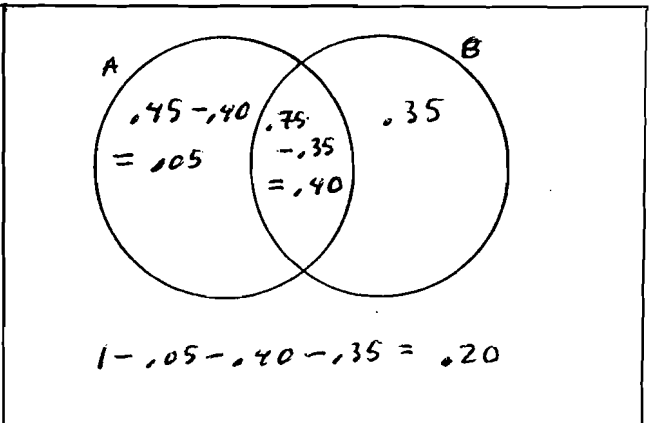
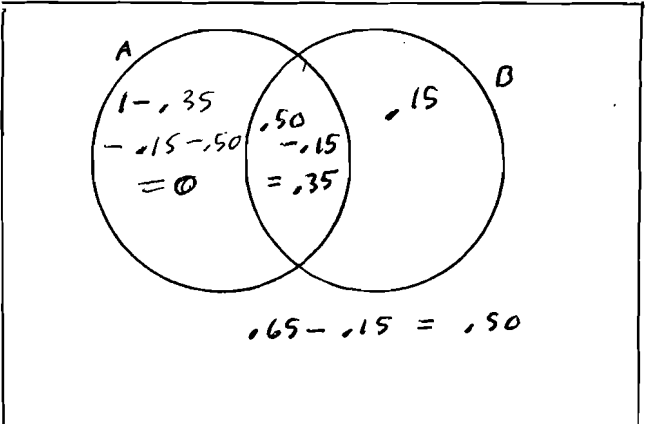


HW Section 3.1

No. 301

Date .1

Problem	Ans	Reason
1	(a) .20 (b) .50 (c) .05	 <p style="text-align: right;">S</p> $1 - .20 - .25 - .50 = .05$
2	(a) .05 (b) .40 (c) .20	 <p style="text-align: right;">S</p> $1 - .05 - .40 - .35 = .20$
3	(a) .35 (b) .50 (c) 1	 <p style="text-align: right;">S</p> $.65 - .15 = .50$ <p style="text-align: center;"> $Pr(A \cup B) = 0 + .35 + .15 = .50$ $Pr(B \cup A^c) = .15 + .35 + .50 = 1$ </p>

Problem	Ans	Reason
4	(a) .65	$A \cup B = B$ so $Pr(A \cup B) = Pr(B)$
	(b) .90	$Pr(A \cup B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B)$ $= .25 + .65$ $= .90$
	(c) .65	Same as (a)
5	(a) .55	$Pr(E \cup F) = Pr(E) + Pr(F) - Pr(E \cap F)$ $= .25 + .40 - .10$ $= .55$
	(b) .25	$Pr(F' \cap G) = Pr(G) - Pr(F \cap G)$ $= .55 - .30$ $= .25$
	(c) .40	$Pr(E' \cap G') = 1 - Pr(E \cup G)$ $= 1 - Pr(E) - Pr(G) + Pr(E \cap G)$ $= 1 - .25 - .55 + .20$ $= .40$

Pr. Qem	Ans	Reason
6	(a) .30	$\begin{aligned} Pr(E' \cap F) &= Pr(F) - Pr(E \cap F) \\ &= .45 - .15 \\ &= .30 \end{aligned}$
	(b) .90	$\begin{aligned} Pr(F \cup G) &= Pr(F) + Pr(G) - Pr(F \cap G) \\ &= .45 + .55 - .10 \\ &= .90 \end{aligned}$
	(c) .77	$\begin{aligned} Pr(E' \cup G) &= 1 - Pr(E \cap G') \\ &= 1 - Pr(E) + Pr(E \cap G) \\ &= 1 - .35 + .12 \\ &= .77 \end{aligned}$
7	(a) .90	$\begin{aligned} Pr(E' \cup F) &= Pr(F) + Pr(E' \cap F') \\ &= Pr(F) + 1 - Pr(E \cup F) \\ &= .50 + 1 - .60 \\ &= .90 \end{aligned}$
	(b) .20	$\begin{aligned} Pr(F' \cap G) &= Pr(F \cup G) - Pr(F) \\ &= .70 - .50 \\ &= .20 \end{aligned}$
	(c) .30	$\begin{aligned} Pr(E \cap G) &= Pr(E) + Pr(G) - Pr(E \cup G) \\ &= .35 + .45 - .50 \\ &= .30 \end{aligned}$

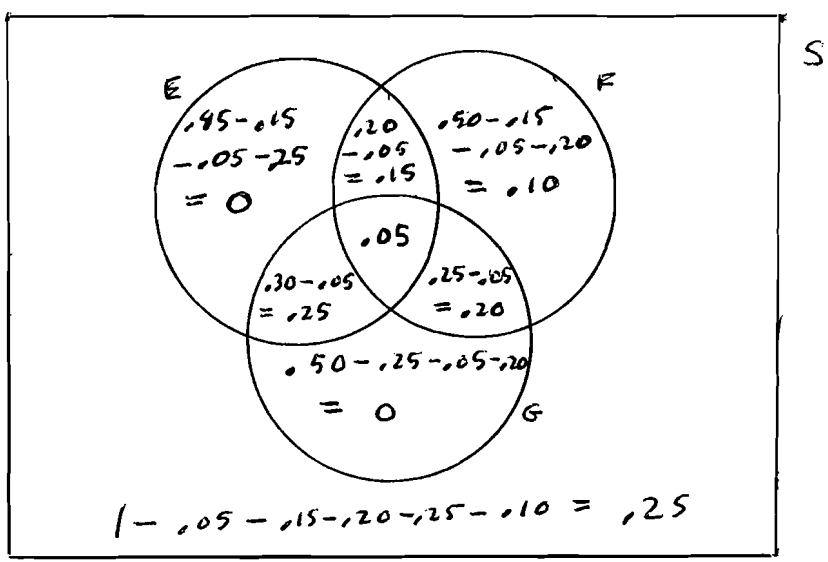
Problem

Ans

Reason

8 (a) 0

(b) .75



(a) 3/10

(b) 4/10

(c) 1/10

Abbreviate $b = Pr(B)$

Event E	A	B	C
Pr(E)	3b	b	6b

$$1 = 3b + b + 6b = 10b$$

$$\text{so } b = 1/10$$

Event E	A	B	C
Pr(E)	3/10	1/10	6/10

Note $A \cap B = \phi$ so $A' \cap B = B$

Problem

Ans

Reason

10

.3

outcome	θ_1	θ_2	θ_3	θ_4
Pr	.1	2x	.3	x

Abbreviate $x = Pr(\theta_4)$

$$1 = .1 + 2x + .3 + x$$

$$= .4 + 3x$$

$$.6 = 3x$$

$$.2 = x$$

outcome	θ_1	θ_2	θ_3	θ_4
Pr	.1	.4	.3	.2

$$Pr[\theta_1, \theta_4] = .1 + .2 = .3$$

11

(a) .35

outcome	θ_1	θ_2	θ_3	θ_4	θ_5
Pr	.20	.10	.15	.45	.10

(b) 1

$$.20 + .15 = .35$$

(c) .80

$$1 - .20 = .80$$

(d) .90

$$\{\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3\} \cup \{\theta_2, \theta_4\}$$

(e) .25

$$= \{\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3, \theta_4\}$$

(f) 0

$$.10 + .15 = .25$$

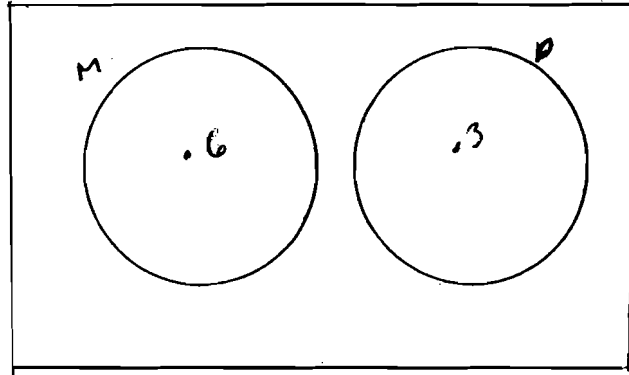
Pr-blem

Ans

Reason

15

.6



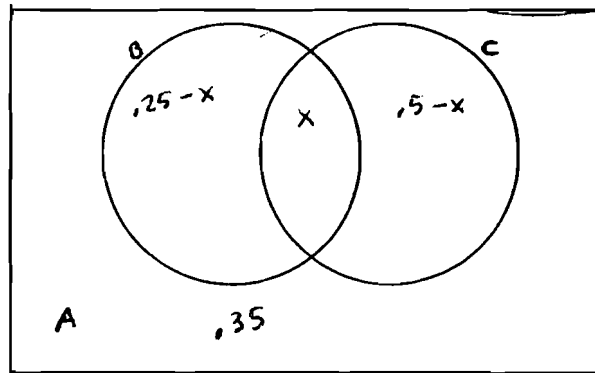
$$M \cap P' = M$$

16

(a) .60

(b) .65

(c) .10



$$1 = .35 + (.25-x) + x + (.5-x)$$

$$x = .10$$

$$Pr(A \cup B) = .35 + .25 = .60$$

$$Pr(B \cup C) = 1 - .35 = .65$$

$$Pr(B \cap C) = .10$$

Problem

Ans

17

5/9

outcome	1	2	3	4	5	6
wt	2x	x	2x	x	2x	x

$$1 = 2x + x + 2x + x + 2x + x$$

$$= 9x$$

$$x = 1/9$$

$$E = \{1, 3, 6\}$$

$$Pr(E) = \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{5}{9}$$

18

1/8

outcome	1	2	3	4	5
weight	2w	w	w	w	3w

(w = w₂)

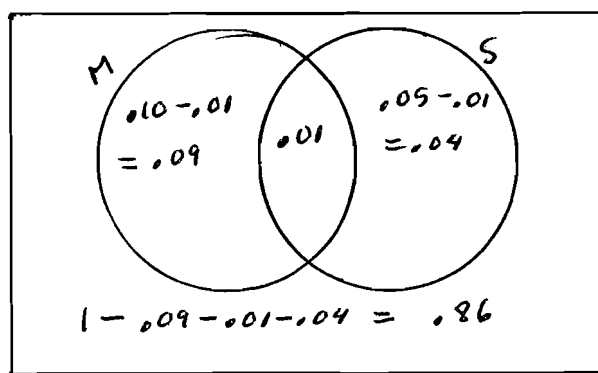
$$1 = 2w + w + w + w + 3w$$

$$= 8w$$

$$w = 1/8$$

19

.86



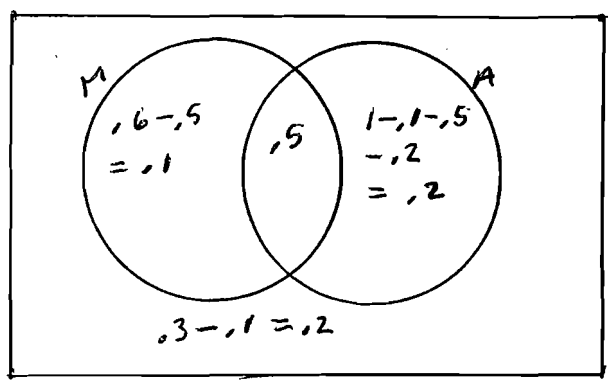
20

.13

$$.09 + .04 = .13$$

Pr.blem Ans Reason

21 .8

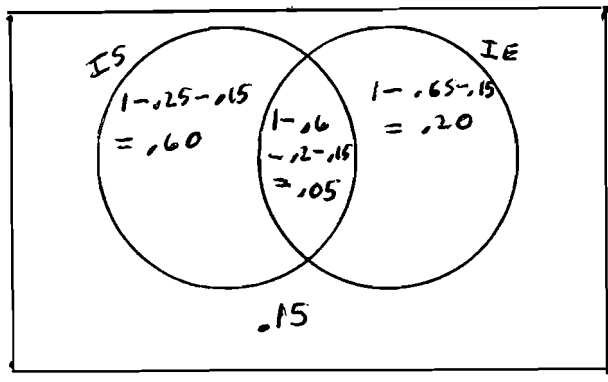


$.1 + .5 + .2 = .8$

22 .3

$.1 + .2 = .3$

23 .05



24
 $w_1 = .31$
 $w_2 = .18$
 $w_3 = .20$
 $w_4 = .31$

$w_1 + w_2 = .49$
 $w_1 + w_3 = .51$
 $w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = .69$
 $w_1 + w_2 + w_3 + w_4 = 1$

Solving the system

$w_1 = .31 \quad w_2 = .18, \quad w_3 = .20, \quad w_4 = .31$

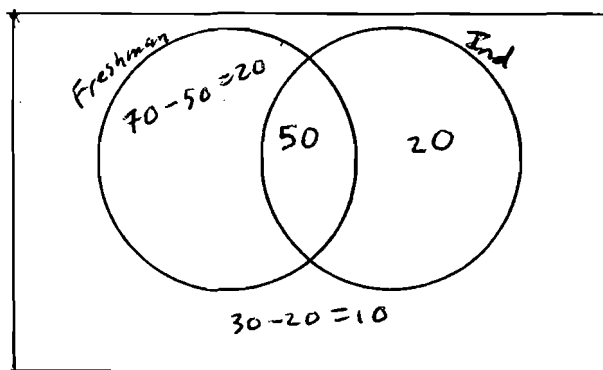
Problem

Ans

Reason

25

$$\frac{30}{100}$$

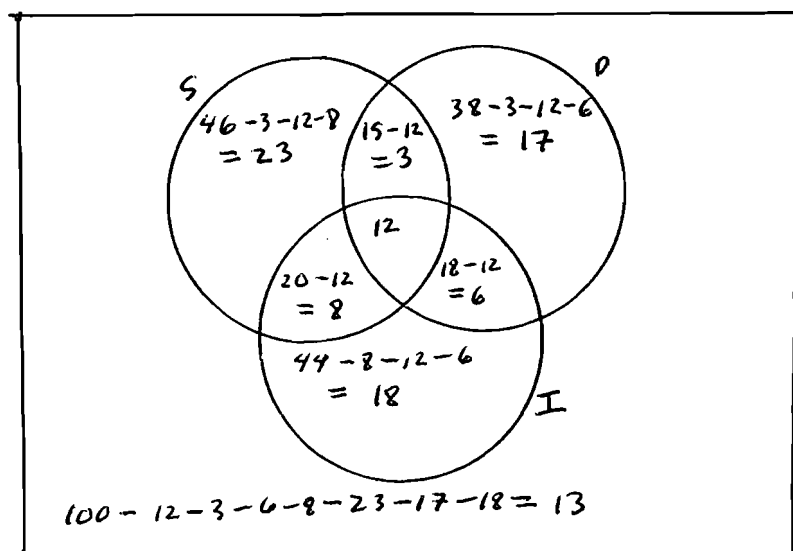


70 out of 100 is Ind Res

26

(a) .58

(b) .13



$$23 + 17 + 18 = 58$$

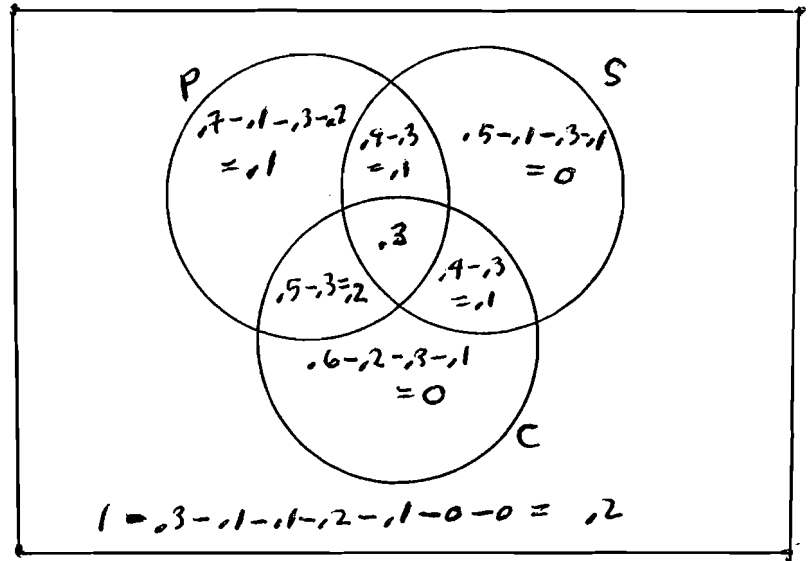
Problem

Ans

Reason

27

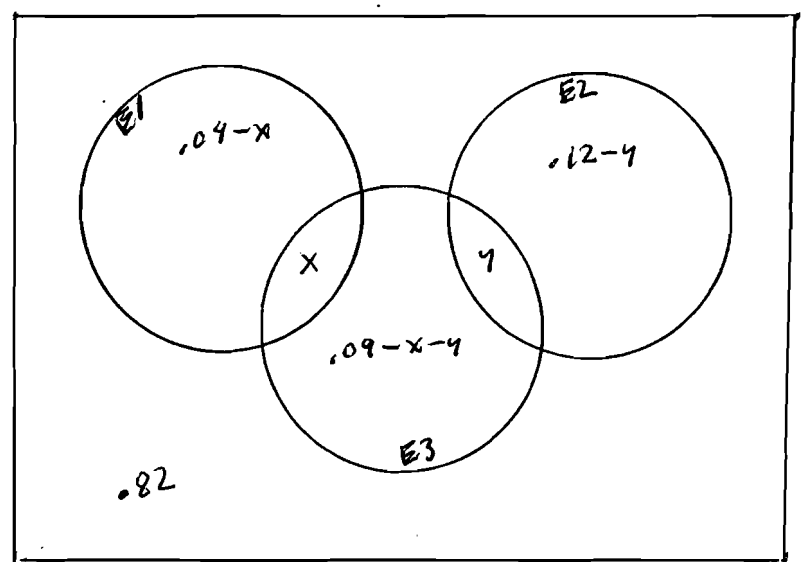
.1



$.1 + 0 + 0 = .1$

28

- (a) .18 (= 1 - .82)
- (b) .16 (= .04 + .12)
- (c) .07 (= x + y)
- (d) .02 (= .09 - x - y)



$1 = .82 + x + y + (.04 - x) + (.12 - y) + (.09 - x - y)$

$x + y = .07$

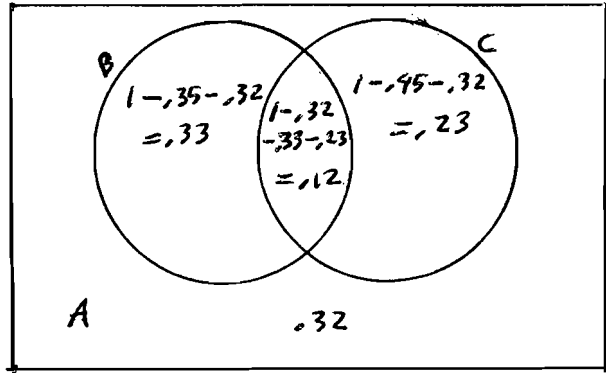
Problem

Ans

Reason

29

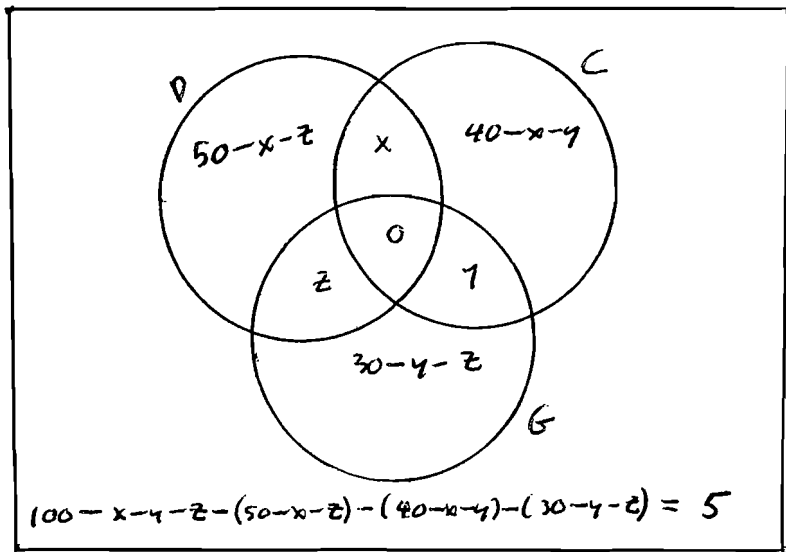
.88



$$.33 + .32 + .23 = .88$$

30

5 out of 100 or $\frac{1}{20}$



$$x + y + z = 25$$

31

$$K = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{100}\right)^{-1}$$

32

$$K = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{100^2}\right)^{-1}$$