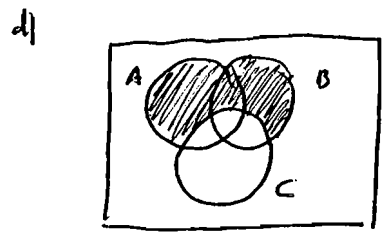
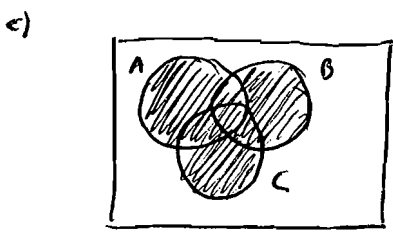
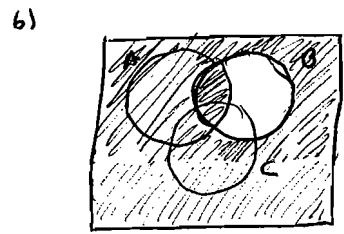
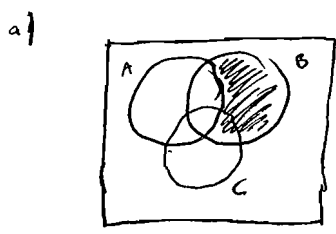


Problem	Ans	Reason
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1



2

- a) $A \cap C' = \{x\}$
- b) $A \cup C' = \{x, y, z, w\}$
- c) $A \cup (B \cap C) = \{x, y, z, v\}$
- d) $(B \cap C)' = \{w, x, z\}$

3

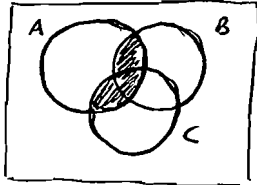
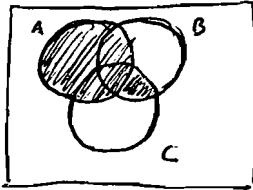
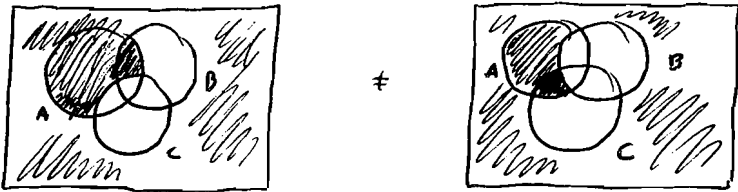
- a) $A \cup C = \{x, y, z, v\}$
- b) $A \cap B = \{y\}$
- c) $A \cup B = \{x, y, z, v, w\}$
- d) $B \cap C = \{v, y\}$

4

- a) T
- b) T
- c) F
- d) T

5

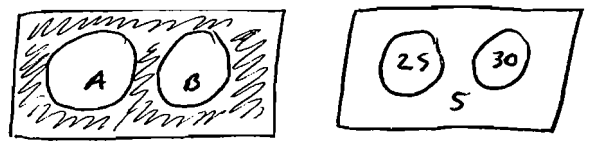
- a) F
- b) T
- c) F
- d) T

Problem	Ans	Reason
6	a) $A \cap B \cap C$ b) $A \cap B' \cap C'$ c) $(A \cap B)' \cap C$	
7	a) $A' \cap B \cap C$ b) $(B \cap A' \cap C') \cup (C \cap A' \cap B')$ c) $(A \cup B \cup C)' \cup (B \cap C)$	
8	a) T	
	b) T	
	c) F	
9	a) F b) F c) T d) F e) F f) T	<p>In fact $A' \cap B' = (A \cup B)'$</p> <p>Since $(A \cap B)' = A' \cup B'$</p>

Problems	Ans	Reason
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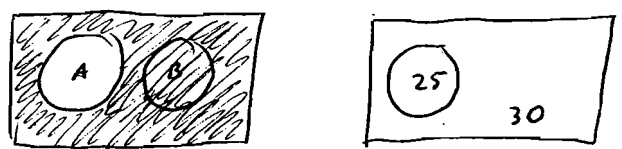
- 10
- a) F
 - b) F
 - c) F
 - d) T
 - e) T

11 5



$$60 - 25 - 30 = 5$$

12 30



$$55 - 25 = 30$$

13 60



$$\begin{aligned} n(U) &= n(A) + n(A') \\ &= 25 + 40 \\ &= 65 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n(B) &= n(U) - n(B') \\ &= 65 - 30 \\ &= 35 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} n(A \cup B) &= n(A) + n(B) \\ &= 25 + 35 \\ &= 60 \end{aligned}$$

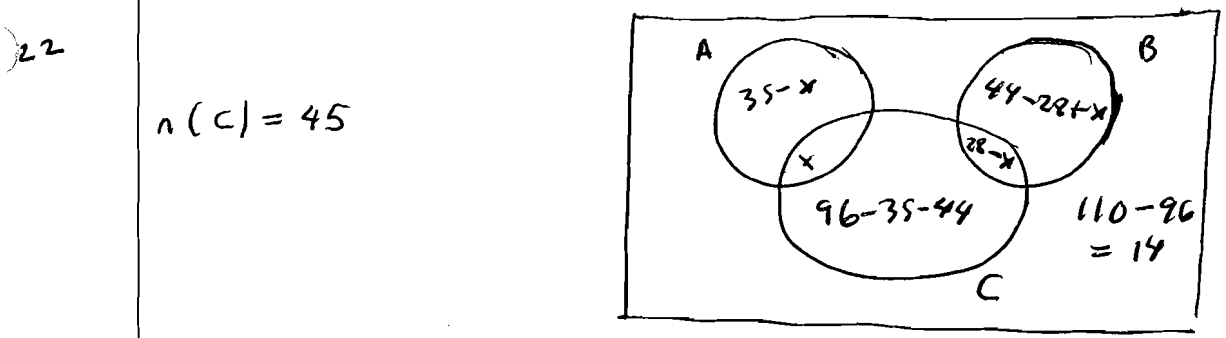
Problem	Ans	Reason
14	120	$n(X \times Y \times Z) = n(X) \cdot n(Y) \cdot n(Z)$ $n(X) \cdot n(Y) = 24 = 3 \times 8$ $n(Y) \cdot n(Z) = 40 = 5 \times 8$ $n(X) \cdot n(Z) = 15 = 3 \times 5$ $n(X)^2 \cdot n(Y)^2 \cdot n(Z)^2 = 3^2 \times 5^2 \times 8^2$ $n(X) \cdot n(Y) \cdot n(Z) = 3 \times 5 \times 8$ $= 120$
15	a) N b) Y c) N d) Y	$A \cup B = \{a, b, c, 2, 3\}$ $C \cap B^c = \{1\}$
16	(a) and (c)	
17	$A \times B = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1v \quad 1w \\ 2v \quad 2w \\ 3v \quad 3w \end{array} \right\}$ $A \times \{v\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1v \\ 2v \\ 3v \end{array} \right\}$ $A \times \{w\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1w \\ 2w \\ 3w \end{array} \right\}$	
18	$n(P_2) = 25$	$n(P_2) = 5n(P_1)$ $n(P_3) = 2n(P_1)$ $40 = n(P_1) + n(P_2) + n(P_3)$ $= n(P_1) + 5n(P_1) + 2n(P_1)$ $= 8n(P_1)$ $n(P_1) = 40/8 = 5$ $n(P_2) = 5^2 = 25$

Problem	Ans	Reason
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19
 a) $n(A \times B) = 10$
 $n(A) = 5$ $n(B) = 2$
 b) $n(B \times B \times B) = 8$
 $n(A \times B) = n(A) n(B)$
 $= 5 \times 2$
 $= 10$
 $n(B \times B \times B) = n(B) n(B) n(B)$
 $= 2 \times 2 \times 2$
 $= 8$

20
 (c) is True
 $A \neq \phi, B \neq \phi$ so
 $n(A) \geq 1, n(B) \geq 1$

21
 15
 $3 \times 5 = 15$



$$\begin{aligned}
 n(C) &= 96 - 35 - 44 + 2x \\
 &= 124 - 79 \\
 &= 45
 \end{aligned}$$

23
 4 ways to select B if $n(B) = 4$
 6 ways to select B if $n(B) = 5$

24
 $A \times B \times C$ and $B \times B \times B$ have same number of elements since
 $5 \times 10 \times 20 = 10 \times 10 \times 10$

Problem

Ans

Reason

25

$$n(X_1) = 4$$

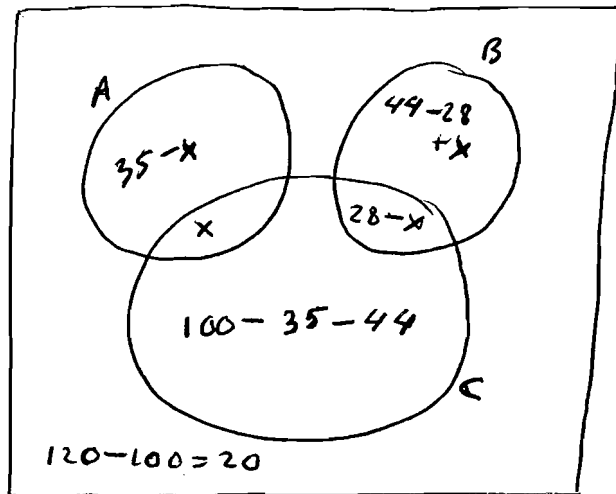
$$n(X_2) = 9$$

$$n(X_3) = 6$$

X_1	X_2	X_3
g g g	r g g	r r g
4 g g	r g g	r r g
g g g	r g g	r g r
g g g	g r g	r g r
	g r g	g r r
	4 r g	g r r
	g r r	
	g g r	
	g g r	

26

$$n(C') = 71$$



$$20 + 35 - x + 44 - 28 + x$$

$$= 35 + 44 - 8$$

$$= 79 - 8 = 71$$

Pr. Problem	Ans	Reason												
27	$n(x_1) = 10$ $n(x_2) = 5$ $n(x_3) = 25$	$n(x_1) = 2n(x_2)$ $n(x_3) = 5n(x_2)$ $40 = n(x_1) + n(x_2) + n(x_3)$ $= 2n(x_2) + n(x_2) + 5n(x_2)$ $= 8n(x_2)$ $n(x_2) = 5$ $n(x_1) = 2 \times 5 = 10$ $n(x_3) = 5 \times 5 = 25$												
28	$n(x_1) = 5$	$n(x_2) = 2n(x_1)$ $n(x_3) = 3n(x_2) = 3 \times 2 \times n(x_1)$ $= 6n(x_1)$ $45 = n(x_1) + n(x_2) + n(x_3)$ $= n(x_1) + 2n(x_1) + 6n(x_1)$ $= 9n(x_1)$ $n(x_1) = 45/9 = 5$												
29	$n(x_1) = 16$	Write $a = n(x_i)$												
		<table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 5px;">4a</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">4a</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">4a</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">a</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">a</td> <td style="padding: 5px;">a</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">x_1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">x_2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">x_3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">x_4</td> <td style="text-align: center;">x_5</td> <td style="text-align: center;">x_6</td> </tr> </table>	4a	4a	4a	a	a	a	x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6
4a	4a	4a	a	a	a									
x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6									
		$60 = a + a + a + 4a + 4a + 4a$ $= a(1 + 1 + 1 + 4 + 4 + 4)$ $= 15a$ $a = 60/15 = 4$ $n(x_1) = 4a = 4 \times 4 = 16$												

Problem	Ans	Reason
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30

True

$$A \times B = \{(a, b) : a \in A \text{ and } b \in B\}$$

$\forall a \in A$, a in exactly one of A_1, A_2

$\forall b \in B$, b in exactly one of B_1, B_2

31

$$n(O) = 25$$

Write $a = n(A)$

a	3a	4a	7a-10	7a
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A

B

C

D

E

$$100 = a + 3a + 4a + 7a - 10 + 7a$$

$$110 = 22a$$

$$a = 110/22 = \frac{11 \times 10}{11 \times 2} = \frac{10}{2} = 5$$

$$7a - 10 = 35 - 10 = 25$$