

A remark on a characterization of non-forking in generic structures

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Let L be a countable relational language and \mathbf{K} a class of finite L -structures with non-negative predimension. Then a countable L -structure M is said to be \mathbf{K} -generic, if (i) any finite $A \subset M$ belongs to \mathbf{K} ; (ii) for any finite $A \leq B \in \mathbf{K}$ with $A \leq M$ there is a copy B' of B over A with $B' \leq M$; (iii) there are finite $A_0 \leq A_1 \leq A_2 \leq \dots \leq M$ with $M = \bigcup_i A_i$. Let M be a saturated generic structure and \mathcal{M} a big model of $\text{Th}(M)$. In [1], [2] and [3], non-forking in \mathcal{M} has been characterized as follows: For any $A \leq B, C \leq \mathcal{M}$ with $A = B \cap C$ algebraically closed, $\text{tp}(B/C)$ does not fork over A if and only if B, C are free over A and $BC \leq \mathcal{M}$. It is seen that one cannot remove the condition that A is algebraically closed in the above statement. Our aim is to generalize the statement as follows: For any $A \leq B, C \leq \mathcal{M}$ with $A = B \cap C$, $\text{tp}(B/C)$ does not fork over A if and only if B, C are free over A and $BC \cup \text{acl}(A) \leq \mathcal{M}$. As a corollary, it can be proved that there is no saturated generic structure that is superstable but not ω -stable.

REFERENCES

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