

## Math 121A Spring 2007

### Homework#7 How to think on analytic function? Taylor series.

1. (Topology) A subset  $U \subset \mathbb{C}$  is called *open* if for every  $z_0 \in \mathbb{C}$  there exists a ball  $B = B(z_0, r) = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; |z - z_0| < r\}$  with  $z_0 \in B \subsetneq U$ . Draw the following sets and decide if they are open or not

- (a) The ball  $B(0, 1)$ .
- (b) The complex plane.
- (c) The close ball  $\overline{B}(0, 1) = \{z \in \mathbb{C}; |z| \leq 1\}$ .

2. (How to think on analytic function?) Recall the theorem: Let  $f$  be an analytic function in an open subset  $U \subset \mathbb{C}$  and let  $z_0 \in \mathbb{C}$ . Consider a ball  $B$  such that  $z_0 \in B \subset U$ . Then in  $B$  the function  $f$  can be expanded uniquely as an absolutely convergent series called Taylor series

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (z - z_0)^n. \quad (1)$$

For the following functions find the appropriate Taylor series and write its ball of convergence.

- (a)  $f(z) = \frac{1}{1+z^3}$  around  $z_0 = 0$ .
  - (b)  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z}$  around  $z_0 = 1$ .
  - (c)  $f(z) = \frac{1}{z(z-2)}$  around  $z_0 = 1$ .
3. Suppose that a complex function  $f$  can be written as a Taylor series (1) around some point  $z_0$ . Show that  $a_n = \frac{f^{(n)}}{n!}$ . Explain!.
4. Use the Taylor expansion and its uniqueness to compute the derivatives  $f^{(n)}(0)$ ,  $n \geq 0$ , of  $f(z) = \frac{1}{1+z^2}$ .
5. Find  $\infty$  many "interesting" functions  $u : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  that solve the Laplace equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial^2 x} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial^2 y} = 0.$$

#### • Remarks

- You are very much encouraged to work with other students. However, submit your work alone.
- I will be happy to help you with the homeworks. Please visit me if you want to work with me.

**Good luck in our Mid-Term test!**