

**Math 104, Fall 07**  
**Homework#:7 Series**

1. Write a proof that the series  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(\log(n))^{\alpha}}$  converge if  $\alpha > 1$  and diverge for  $\alpha \leq 1$  (You can use the proof on page 62 in the book).
2. Find whether the following series diverge or converge:
  - (a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^2+11}$ .
  - (b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+9}}$ .
3. Do exercises 6,7,8 page 78 in the book.
4. Let  $(a_n)$  be a sequence of real numbers. Let  $\alpha = \limsup a_n$ . Show that if  $\beta > \alpha$  then there is an a natural number  $N$  such that  $a_n < \beta$  for every  $n \geq N$  (Clue: This is more or less follow from the definition on page 56 in the book).
5. Use the ratio test, root test or any other method to test for convergence

- (a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{100^n}$ .
- (b)  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{(2n)!}}{n!}$ .
- (c)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n^2}$ .

**Good luck!!**