## Math 104: Homework 3 (due February 11)

- 1. Ross exercise 8.10
- 2. Ross exercise 9.6
- 3. Let  $(a_n)$  be a sequence defined according to  $a_1 = t$  where t > 0, and  $a_{n+1} = \frac{2a_n}{1 + a_n}$  for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Prove that  $a_n \to 1$  as  $n \to \infty$ .
- 4. Let  $(s_n)$  and  $(t_n)$  be Cauchy sequences defined on  $\mathbb{R}$ , and let  $(u_n)$  be a sequence defined as  $u_n = as_n + bt_n$  for all n, where  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ . By using the definition of a Cauchy sequence only, without assuming that limits of  $(s_n)$  and  $(t_n)$  exist, prove that  $(u_n)$  is a Cauchy sequence.
- 5. Ross exercise 9.10
- 6. Ross exercise 10.6
- 7. Ross exercise 10.8
- 8. Let  $(s_n)$  be a sequence defined by  $s_n = (-1)^n (1 + \frac{1}{n})$ . Prove that  $\limsup s_n = 1$  and  $\limsup s_n = -1$ .