Math 104: Homework 10 (due April 22)

- 1. Construct a Taylor series expansion for the function $f(x) = \log(1 + x)$ at x = 0. By considering the remainder $R_n(x)$, prove that the Taylor series agrees with f in the range -1/2 < x < 1.
- 2. Ross exercise 32.7
- 3. Suppose *f* is a continuous function on [a, b], and $f(x) \ge 0$ for all $x \in [a, b]$. Prove that if $\int_a^b f = 0$, then f(x) = 0 for all $x \in [a, b]$.
- 4. Construct an example of a function where $f(x)^2$ is integrable on [0,1] but f(x) is not.
- 5. Ross exercise 33.7
- 6. Ross exercise 33.8
- 7. (a) For any two numbers $u, v \in \mathbb{R}$, prove that $uv \leq (u^2 + v^2)/2$. Let f and g be two integrable functions on [a, b]. Prove that if $\int_a^b f^2 = 1$ and $\int_a^b g^2 = 1$ then

$$\int_{a}^{b} fg \le 1.$$

(b) Prove the Schwarz inequality, that for any two integrable functions *f* and *g* on an interval [*a*, *b*],

$$\left|\int_{a}^{b} fg\right| \leq \left(\int_{a}^{b} f^{2}\right)^{1/2} \left(\int_{a}^{b} g^{2}\right)^{1/2}.$$

(c) Let *X* be the set of all continuous functions on the interval [a, b]. For any $f, g \in X$, define

$$d(f,g) = \left(\int_{a}^{b} |f-g|^{2}\right)^{1/2}.$$

Prove that *d* is a metric.