

# Section 4.2 HW Solutions

No. 4.2  
Date 1

Problem

Ans

Reason

1 3.5

$x=1$	$x=3$	$x=8$	S
.5	.2	.3	

partition of sample space S  
showing probabilities

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(x) &= (.5)1 + (.2)3 + (.3)8 \\
 &= .5 + .6 + 2.4 \\
 &= 3.5
 \end{aligned}$$

2 1.5

$x=-1$	$x=0$	$x=2$	$x=5$	S
.2	.4	.1	.3	

Partition of sample space S showing  
probabilities

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(x) &= (.2)(-1) + (.4)0 + (.1)2 + (.3)5 \\
 &= -.2 + 0 + .2 + 1.5 \\
 &= 1.5
 \end{aligned}$$

3  $13/3$

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
1	$\frac{1}{21}$	$\frac{1}{21}$
2	$\frac{2}{21}$	$\frac{4}{21}$
3	$\frac{3}{21}$	$\frac{9}{21}$
4	$\frac{4}{21}$	$\frac{16}{21}$
5	$\frac{5}{21}$	$\frac{25}{21}$
6	$\frac{6}{21}$	$\frac{36}{21}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{91}{21} &= \frac{70+21}{21} \\
 &= \frac{7 \cdot 10 + 7 \cdot 3}{7 \cdot 3} \\
 &= \frac{13}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{91}{21} = E(x)$$

Problem

Ans

Reason

4

1

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
-1	$\frac{1}{21}$	$\frac{-1}{21}$
2	$\frac{2}{21}$	$\frac{4}{21}$
-3	$\frac{3}{21}$	$\frac{-9}{21}$
4	$\frac{4}{21}$	$\frac{16}{21}$
-5	$\frac{5}{21}$	$\frac{-25}{21}$
6	$\frac{6}{21}$	$\frac{36}{21}$
		1 = E(x)

5

-1.1

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
-5	.4	-2.0
-1	.2	-0.2
2	.3	.6
5	.1	.5
		-1.1 = E(x)

6

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
-10	.2	-2
-1	.3	-.3
2	.4	.8
10	.1	1
		-0.5 = E(x)

$$\frac{-2}{.2} = \frac{-20}{2} = -10$$

$$(-1)(.3) = -.3$$

$$1 - .1 - .2 - .3 = .4$$

$$10(.1) = 1$$

$$-2 - .3 + .8 + 1 = -.5$$

Problem

Ans

Reason

7

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
-1	.3	-.3
-2	.2	-.4
3/2	.2	.3
2	.3	.6
		.2 = E(x)

$$\frac{-1.3}{-1} = .3$$

$$\frac{-2.2}{-2} = \frac{.4}{2} = .2$$

$$.3 / .2 = 3/2$$

8

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
-2	.1	-.2
1	.2	.2
2	.3	.6
3	.1	.3
4	.3	1.2
		2.1 = E(x)

$$1 - .2 - .3 - .1 - .3 = .1$$

$$2 \cdot 1 - .2 - .6 - .3 - 1.2 = -.2$$

$$.6 / .3 = 2$$

$$.3 / .3 = .1$$

$$1.2 / 4 = .3$$

9

15¢

n n n x=5	d d x=10	q q q q x=25
--------------	-------------	--------------------

drawer

S

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
5	$\frac{3}{9}$	$\frac{15}{9}$
10	$\frac{2}{9}$	$\frac{20}{9}$
25	$\frac{4}{9}$	$\frac{100}{9}$
		$\frac{135}{9}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 15 \\ 20 \\ \hline 135 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{135}{9} = 15$$

Problem                      Ans                      Reason

10                      .4

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
1	1-a-.3	1-a-.3
2	.3	.6
5	a	5a
		2.9 = E(x)

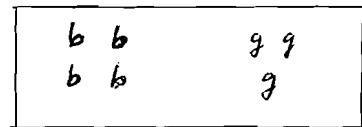
2(.3) = .6

$$1 - a - .3 + .6 + 5a = 2.9$$

$$4a = 1.6$$

$$a = .4$$

11                       $\frac{4}{7}$



Box of 7 balls  
choose 4

Events

# blue	# green	X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
4	0	4	$\frac{1}{C(7,4)}$	$\frac{4}{35}$
3	1	2	$\frac{C(4,3)C(3,1)}{C(7,4)}$	$\frac{24}{35}$
2	2	0	$\frac{C(4,2)C(3,2)}{C(7,4)}$	0
1	3	-2	$\frac{C(4,1)C(3,3)}{C(7,4)}$	$\frac{-8}{35}$
				E(x) = $\frac{20}{35}$

$$C(7,4) = C(7,3) = \frac{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5}{3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 35$$

$$\frac{20}{35} = \frac{4 \cdot 5}{7 \cdot 5} = \frac{4}{7}$$

Problem                      Ans                      Reason

12                      23.5

20(.3) = Expected number of hits against LH pitcher  
 70(.25) =                      ...                      RH

Total number of expected hits is  $20(.3) + 70(.25)$   
 $= 6 + 17.5 = 23.5$

13                      4

$E(x) = 10 \times \frac{2}{5} = 4$

14                      3/2

$x = -1$	$x = 2$	$x = 4$	$x = 6$	S
1, 3, 5	2	4	6	

X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
-1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$
2	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{2}{6}$
4	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{4}{6}$
6	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{6}{6}$
		$E(x) = \frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2}$

15                      7/6

$\frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \cdot \frac{2}{3} \right)$

$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}$

$= \frac{7}{6}$

Problem

Ans

Reason

16

.5 \$

red	green
7	3

10 balls

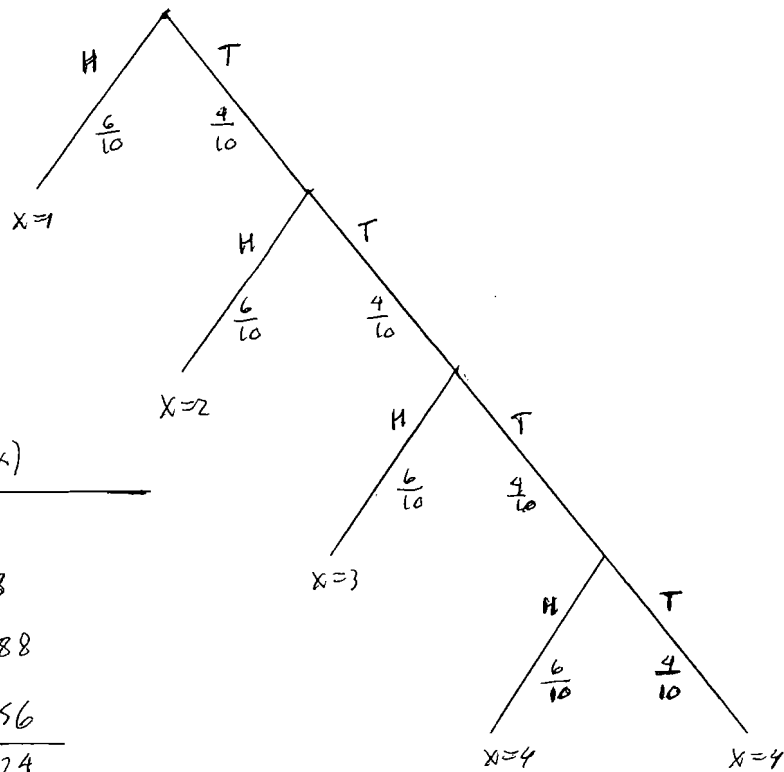
Box

choose 2

Events	# red	# green	X	Pr(X)	x Pr(x)
	2	0	3 - 1.5	$\frac{C(7,2)}{C(10,2)}$	$\frac{7}{10}$
	1	1	0 - 1.5	$\frac{7 \cdot 3}{C(10,2)}$	$\frac{-7}{10}$
	0	2	9 - 1.5	$\frac{C(3,2)}{C(10,2)}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
					$E(x) = \frac{1}{2}$

17

1.624



X	Pr(x)	x Pr(x)
1	$\frac{6}{10}$	.6
2	$\frac{4}{10} \frac{6}{10}$	.48
3	$(\frac{4}{10})^2 \frac{6}{10}$	.288
4	$(\frac{4}{10})^3$	.256
		<u>1.624</u>

Problem

Ans

Reason

18

42.6

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 32 (.6) + 78 (.3) \\
 = & 19.2 + 23.4 \\
 = & 42.6
 \end{aligned}$$

19

-9.3\$

W	Pr(W)	W Pr(W)
10,000	.00002	.2
100,000	.000004	.4
1,000,000	.0000001	.1
0		0
		E(W) = .7

$$\begin{aligned}
 X &= W - 10 \\
 E(X) &= E(W) - 10 = .7 - 10 = -9.3
 \end{aligned}$$

20

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{var} &= \frac{55}{64} \\
 SD &= \frac{\sqrt{55}}{8}
 \end{aligned}$$

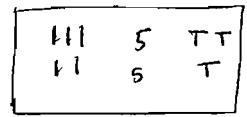
# heads	X	Pr	X Pr
0	0	$\frac{1}{32}$	0
1	0	$\frac{5}{32}$	0
2	0	$\frac{10}{32}$	0
3	1	$\frac{10}{32}$	$\frac{10}{32}$
4	1	$\frac{5}{32}$	$\frac{5}{32}$
5	5	$\frac{1}{32}$	$\frac{5}{32}$
			$\frac{20}{32} = \frac{5.4}{8.4} = \frac{5}{8}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Var}(X) &= \left(0 - \frac{5}{8}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{32} + \frac{5}{32} + \frac{10}{32}\right) \\
 &+ \left(1 - \frac{5}{8}\right)^2 \left(\frac{10}{32} + \frac{5}{32}\right) \\
 &+ \left(5 - \frac{5}{8}\right)^2 \frac{1}{32} \\
 &= \frac{55}{64}
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem                      Ans                      Reason

21

$\frac{81}{6} = 13.5$



$T=10$

Joe's stash  
choose 3

Events

#1's	#5's	#T's	X	Pr(x)	X Pr(x)
3	0	0	3	$\frac{C(5,3)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{10}{120}$
2	1	0	7	$\frac{C(5,2)C(2,1)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{140}{120}$
2	0	1	12	$\frac{C(5,2)C(3,1)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{360}{120}$
1	2	0	11	$\frac{C(5,1)C(2,2)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{55}{120}$
1	1	1	16	$\frac{C(5,1)C(2,1)C(3,1)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{480}{120}$
1	0	2	21	$\frac{C(5,1)C(3,2)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{315}{120}$
0	2	1	20	$\frac{C(2,2)C(3,1)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{60}{120}$
0	1	2	25	$\frac{C(2,1)C(3,2)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{150}{120}$
0	0	3	30	$\frac{C(3,3)}{C(10,3)}$	$\frac{30}{120}$

$C(10,3) = 120$

$E(x) = \frac{81}{6}$

22

Carnival gains  
.14 \$

white	red	blue
90	9	1
$x = .3 - .6$	$x = 1 - .6$	$x = 10 - .6$

outcome	X	Pr	X Pr
white	-.3	$\frac{90}{100}$	$\frac{-27}{100}$
red	.4	$\frac{9}{100}$	$\frac{3.6}{100}$
blue	9.4	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{9.4}{100}$

$\frac{-14}{100}$

You lose .14 \$  
Carnival gains .14 \$



Problem

Ans

Reason

23

$$E(X) = 12$$

$$SD = \sqrt{97.6}$$

g	b	o
g	b	o

Bag of 6 balls

choose 2

values

g	b	o
23	5	1

#g	#b	#o	X	Pr	X Pr
0	2	0	10	$\frac{1}{15}$	$\frac{10}{15}$
0	1	1	6	$\frac{6}{15}$	$\frac{36}{15}$
0	0	2	2	$\frac{3}{15}$	$\frac{6}{15}$
1	1	0	28	$\frac{2}{15}$	$\frac{56}{15}$
1	0	1	24	$\frac{3}{15}$	$\frac{72}{15}$

$$E(X) = \frac{180}{15} = 12$$

$$\text{var} = (10 - 12)^2 \frac{1}{15} + (6 - 12)^2 \frac{6}{15} +$$

$$(2 - 12)^2 \frac{3}{15} + (28 - 12)^2 \frac{2}{15} + (24 - 12)^2 \frac{3}{15}$$

$$= 97.6$$

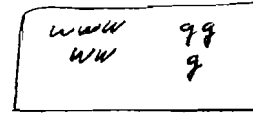
Problem

Ans

Reason

24

$$\frac{105}{56}$$



8 mice

Cage

choose 3

#W	X	Pr	X Pr
3	3	$\frac{C(5,3)C(3,0)}{C(8,3)}$	$\frac{30}{56}$
2	2	$\frac{C(5,2)C(3,1)}{C(8,3)}$	$\frac{60}{56}$
1	1	$\frac{C(5,1)C(3,2)}{C(8,3)}$	$\frac{15}{56}$
0	0	$\frac{C(5,0)C(3,3)}{C(8,3)}$	$\frac{0}{56}$

$$E(x) = \frac{105}{56}$$

25

$$7/5 = 1.4$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) = \frac{7}{5}$$

26

Expected # success = 100

$$SD = \sqrt{99}$$

$$np = 1000(.1) = 100$$

$$npq = 1000(.1)(.9) = 99$$

Problem

Ans

Reason

27

# def	X	Pr
0	100	$C(10,0) (.9)^{10} (.1)^0$
1	80	$C(10,1) (.9)^9 (.1)^1$
2	80	$C(10,2) (.9)^8 (.1)^2$
3	50	$C(10,3) (.9)^7 (.1)^3$
4	50	$C(10,4) (.9)^6 (.1)^4$
5	0	$C(10,5) (.9)^5 (.1)^5$
6	0	$C(10,6) (.9)^4 (.1)^6$
7	0	$C(10,7) (.9)^3 (.1)^7$
8	0	$C(10,8) (.9)^2 (.1)^8$
9	0	$C(10,9) (.9)^1 (.1)^9$
10	0	$C(10,10) (.9)^0 (.1)^{10}$

$$p = .9 \quad q = .1$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 E(x) = & 100 (.9)^{10} + 80 \cdot C(10,1) (.9)^9 (.1)^1 \\
 & + 80 C(10,2) (.9)^8 (.1)^2 + 50 C(10,3) (.9)^7 (.1)^3 \\
 & + 50 C(10,4) (.9)^6 (.1)^4
 \end{aligned}$$

Pr. Qlem

Ans

Reason

28

1.6

$$4 (.4) = 1.6$$

29

-2

$$\begin{aligned} & E(3 \text{ times \# success} - \text{\# failure}) \\ &= 3 E(\text{\# success}) - E(\text{\# failure}) \\ &= 3 \cdot 10 (.2) - 10 (.8) \\ &= 6 - 8 \\ &= -2 \end{aligned}$$

30

$$\begin{aligned} E(X) &= 4 \\ \text{Var}(X) &= 8/3 \end{aligned}$$

1 2 3 4 5 6  
L L L L H H

Success: get H

$$\begin{aligned} p &= 1/3 \\ q &= 2/3 \end{aligned}$$

$$E(X) = 12 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(X) &= 12 p q \\ &= 12 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = 8/3 \end{aligned}$$

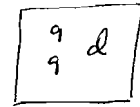
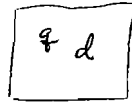
Problem

Ans

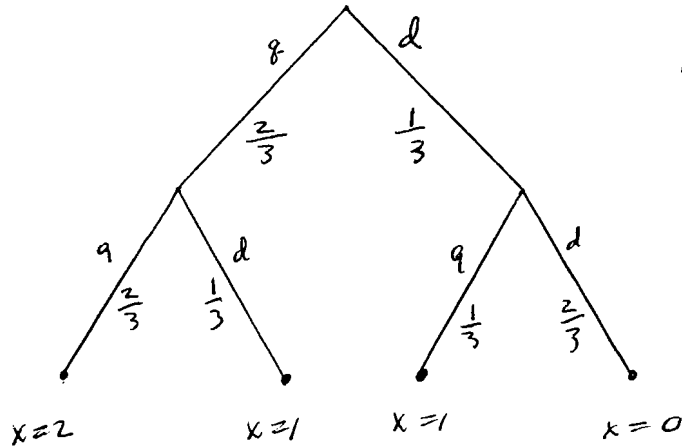
Reason

31

$\frac{11}{9}$



1st coin



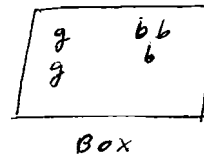
$$\begin{aligned}
 E(x) &= 2 \left( \frac{2}{3} \frac{2}{3} \right) + 1 \left( \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{3} \right) + 0 \left( \frac{1}{3} \frac{2}{3} \right) \\
 &= \frac{8 + 2 + 1 + 0}{9} = \frac{11}{9}
 \end{aligned}$$

Q.lem

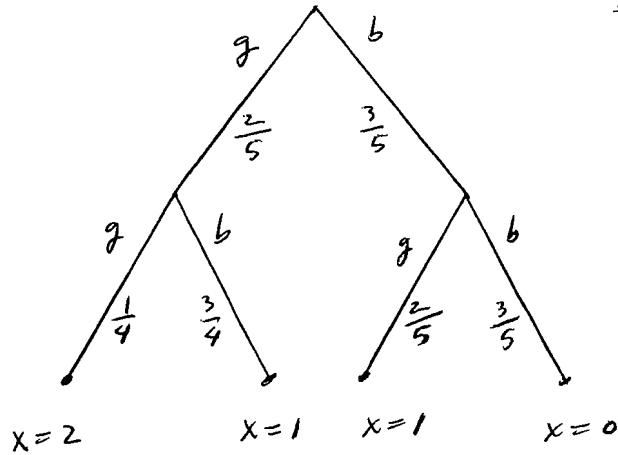
Ans

Reason

32



5 balls



X	Pr	X	Pr
0	$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{25}$	0	
1	$\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{4} + \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{27}{50}$		$\frac{27}{50}$
2	$\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{10}$		$\frac{2}{10}$
		$E(x) = \frac{37}{50}$	

$$\text{Var}(x) = \left(0 - \frac{37}{50}\right)^2 \frac{9}{25} + \left(1 - \frac{37}{50}\right)^2 \frac{27}{50} + \left(2 - \frac{37}{50}\right)^2 \frac{2}{10}$$

$$SD = \sqrt{\text{Var}(x)}$$

Problem

Ans

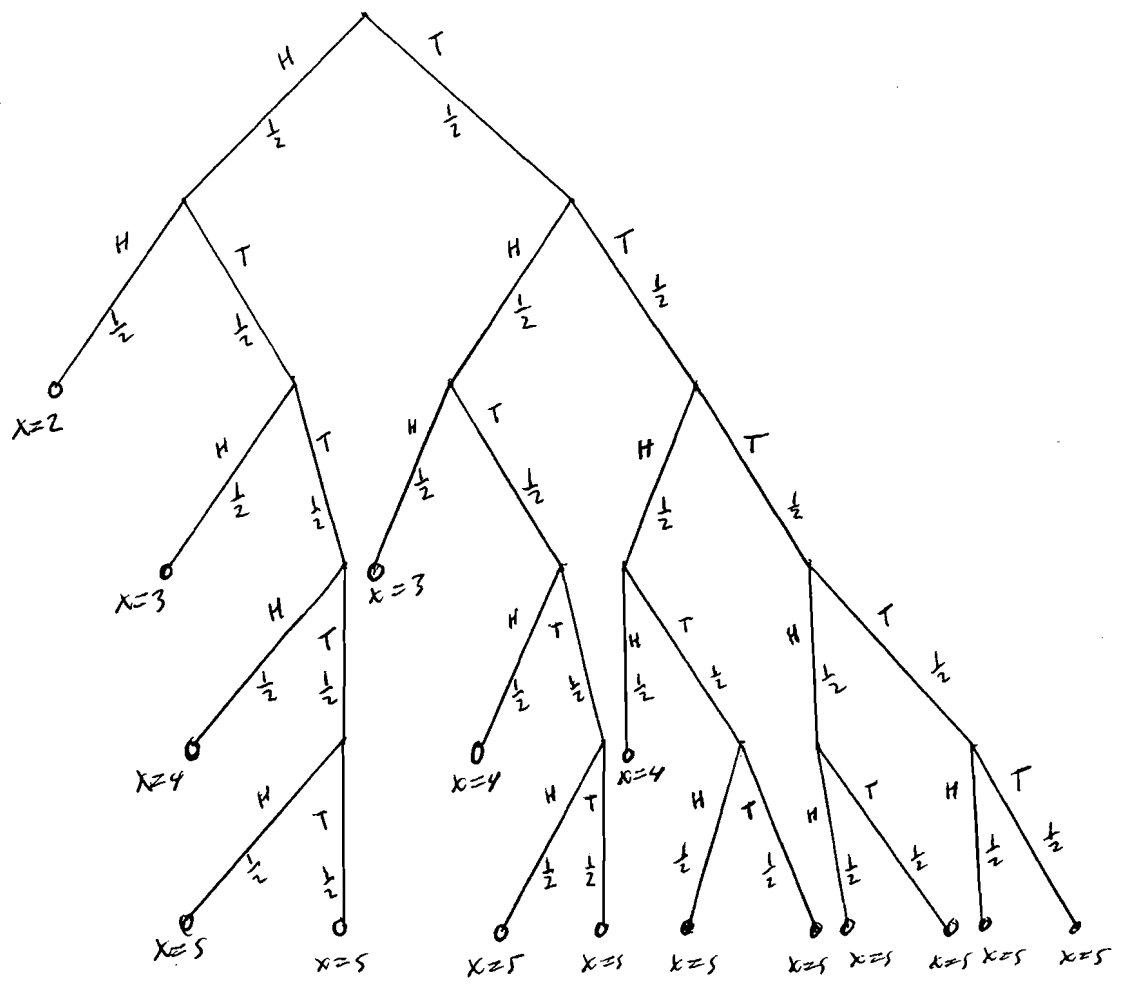
Reason

33

$E(X) = \frac{57}{16}$

$Var(X) = \frac{351}{256}$

$SD = \frac{\sqrt{351}}{16}$



X	Pr	X Pr
2	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{2}{4}$
3	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
4	$\frac{3}{16}$	$\frac{12}{16}$
5	$\frac{10}{32}$	$\frac{50}{32}$

$E(X) = \frac{57}{16}$

$$Var(X) = \left(2 - \frac{57}{16}\right)^2 \frac{1}{4} + \left(3 - \frac{57}{16}\right)^2 \frac{1}{4} + \left(4 - \frac{57}{16}\right)^2 \frac{3}{16} + \left(5 - \frac{57}{16}\right)^2 \frac{10}{32}$$

$$= \frac{351}{256}$$

$SD = \frac{\sqrt{351}}{16}$

Problem

Ans

Reason

34

$$\text{Var} = \frac{37}{4}$$

$$SD = \frac{\sqrt{37}}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(x) &= (1 - 3.5)^2 (.5) + (3 - 3.5)^2 (.2) + \\ &\quad (8 - 3.5)^2 (.3) \\ &= (2.5)^2 (.5) + (.5)^2 (.2) \\ &\quad + (4.5)^2 (.3) \\ &= \frac{(25)^2 \cdot 5 + 5^2 \cdot 2 + (45)^2 \cdot 3}{1000} \\ &= \frac{5^2 (125 + 2 + 243)}{1000} \\ &= \frac{25 \cdot 370}{1000} = \frac{25 \cdot 37}{100} = \frac{37}{4} \end{aligned}$$

35

$$\text{Var} = 12.69$$

$$SD = \sqrt{12.69}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(x) &= (-5 + 1.1)^2 (.4) + (-1 + 1.1)^2 (.2) \\ &\quad + (2 + 1.1)^2 (.3) + (5 + 1.1)^2 (.1) \\ &= (3.9)^2 (.4) + (.1)^2 (.2) \\ &\quad + (3.1)^2 (.3) + (6.1)^2 (.1) \\ &= \frac{6084 + 2 + 2883 + 3721}{1000} \\ &= \frac{12690}{1000} = 12.69 \end{aligned}$$