

Given fin. dim'l vector spaces U, V .

Recall vs iso

$$\lambda_{U,V} : \begin{aligned} V \otimes U^* &\rightarrow \text{Hom}(U, V) \\ v \otimes f &\rightarrow \lambda_{U,V}(v \otimes f) \end{aligned}$$

s.t. $\lambda_{U,V}(v \otimes f)(u) = f(u)v$

Given bases $\{v_i\}_{i \in I}$ for V
 $\{u_j\}_{j \in J}$ for U

$V \otimes U^*$ has basis

$$v_i \otimes u_j^* \quad i \in I, j \in J$$

★

Describe image of ★ under $\lambda_{U,V}$

LEM 28. With above notation,

$$\lambda_{U,V}(v_i \otimes u_j^*) = e_{ij}$$

where

$$e_{ij}(u_r) = \delta_{jr} v_i$$

$\forall i, j, r$

pf

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_{U,V}(v_i \otimes u_j^*)(u_r) &= u_j^*(u_r) v_i \\ &= \delta_{jr} v_i \end{aligned}$$

□

Matrix representations

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Given f id vs. U, V as above.

Given $f \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$

For $j \in J$

$$f(u_j) = \sum_{i \in I} f_j^i v_i \quad f_j^i \in K$$

So $(f_j^i)_{i \in I, j \in J}$ is matrix representing f relative the bases $\{v_i\}_{i \in I}$, $\{u_j\}_{j \in J}$.

obs

$$f_j^i = \langle v_i, f(u_j) \rangle$$

$\forall i \in I \forall j \in J$

By const

$$f = \sum_{i, j \in I \times J} f_j^i e_{ij}$$

☆☆

where the $\{e_{ij}\}$ are from LEM 28.

LEM 29 With the above notation, the map

$$\lambda_{U, V} : V \otimes U^* \rightarrow \text{Hom}(U, V)$$

sends

$$\sum_{i, j \in I \times J} f_j^i v_i \otimes u_j^* \rightarrow f$$

pf By LEM 28 and ☆☆.

□

The identity map $I \in \text{End}(V)$

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LEM 30 Given a fin dim'l vector space $V \neq 0$,

under the map

$$\lambda_{V,V}: V \otimes V^* \rightarrow \text{End}(V)$$

the preimage of I is

$$\sum_i v_i \otimes v_i^*$$

where $\{v_i\}_i$ is any basis for V .

pf. Use LEM 29.

□

LEM 33 Given a fin. dim'l vectn space $V \neq 0$,

(i) the composition

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 V & \longrightarrow & K \otimes V & \longrightarrow & V \otimes V^* \otimes V & \longrightarrow & V \otimes K \longrightarrow V \\
 v & \longrightarrow & 1 \otimes v & \xrightarrow{\delta \otimes \text{id}} & v \otimes 1 \otimes v & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes \text{ev}} & v \otimes 1 \xrightarrow{\text{ev}} v
 \end{array}$$

is the identity map.

(ii) the composition

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 V^* & \longrightarrow & V^* \otimes K & \longrightarrow & V^* \otimes V \otimes V^* & \longrightarrow & K \otimes V^* \longrightarrow V^* \\
 f & \longrightarrow & f \otimes 1 & \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes \delta} & f \otimes 1 \otimes 1 & \xrightarrow{\text{ev} \otimes \text{id}} & f \otimes 1 \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes f} f
 \end{array}$$

is the identity map.

pf Pick a basis $\{v_i\}_i$ for V

(i)

$$v \rightarrow 1 \otimes v \rightarrow \sum_i v_i \otimes v_i^* \otimes v \rightarrow \sum_i v_i \otimes \langle v_i^*, v \rangle \rightarrow \sum_i \langle v_i^*, v \rangle v_i = v$$

(ii)

$$f \rightarrow f \otimes 1 \rightarrow \sum_i f \otimes v_i \otimes v_i^* \rightarrow \sum_i \langle f, v_i \rangle \otimes v_i \rightarrow \sum_i \langle f, v_i \rangle v_i = f$$

□

LEM 34 Given a vector space V \exists linear map

$$\varphi: V \rightarrow (V^*)^*$$

$$v \rightarrow \varphi(v)$$

s.t. $\forall f \in V^*$

$$\varphi(v)(f) = f(v) \quad \forall v \in V$$

The map φ is injective

Suppose $\dim(V) < \infty$, then φ is a vector space isomorphism.

pf $\forall v \in V$ the map

$$\varphi(v): V^* \rightarrow K$$

$$f \rightarrow f(v)$$

is linear and hence in $(V^*)^*$

This gives a map

$$\varphi: V \rightarrow (V^*)^*$$

$$v \rightarrow \varphi(v)$$

one checks φ is linear.

show φ is injective: Given $v \in V$ s.t. $\varphi(v) = 0$

show $v = 0$. Suppose $v \neq 0$.

Since $\varphi(v) = 0$,

$$f(v) = 0 \quad \forall f \in V^*$$

Let $U =$ complement of Kv in V i.e. $V = Kv + U$ d.s.

$\exists f \in V^*$ s.t. $f(v) = 1$ and $f(U) = 0$. This is a contradiction since $f(v) \neq 0$.

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Now assume $\dim(V) < \infty$.

We have

$$\dim(V) = \dim(V^*)$$

and φ is inj so φ is surj, hence bij. □

(Aside)

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LEM For a vector space V the following diagram commutes:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} V \otimes V^* & \xrightarrow{\varphi \otimes \text{id}} & (V^*)^* \otimes V^* \\ \pi_{V^*} \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{ev}_{V^*} \\ V^* \otimes V & \xrightarrow{\text{ev}_V} & K \end{array}$$

pf $\forall v \in V \quad \forall f \in V^*$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} v \otimes f & \longrightarrow & \varphi(v) \otimes f \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ f \otimes v & \longrightarrow & \varphi(v)(f) \\ & & \text{"} \\ & & f(v) \end{array}$$

□

LEM 35 Given fin dim'l vectn spaces U, V

\exists vectn space iso

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hom}(U, V) &\rightarrow \text{Hom}(V^*, U^*) \\ \varphi &\rightarrow \varphi^* \end{aligned}$$

such that

$$\langle h, \varphi(u) \rangle = \langle \varphi^*(h), u \rangle \quad \forall h \in V^*, \forall u \in U \quad (\star)$$

pf We have vector space isomorphisms

$$\text{Hom}(U, V) \stackrel{\lambda_{U, V}}{\cong} V \otimes U^* \stackrel{\Gamma_{U, U^*}}{\cong} U^* \otimes V$$

$$\text{Hom}(V^*, U^*) \stackrel{\lambda_{V^*, U^*}}{\cong} U^* \otimes (V^*)^* \stackrel{\text{LEM 34}}{\cong} U^* \otimes V$$

This gives vectn space iso

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hom}(U, V) &\rightarrow \text{Hom}(V^*, U^*) \\ \varphi &\rightarrow \varphi^* \end{aligned}$$

Show this satisfies \star :

We have:

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$$\text{Hom}(U, V) \cong V \otimes U^* \cong U^* \otimes V$$

$$F \leftrightarrow v \otimes f \leftrightarrow f \otimes v$$

$$F(u) = f(u)v$$

$$\forall u \in U$$

$$\text{Hom}(V^*, U^*) \cong U^* \otimes (V^*)^* \cong U^* \otimes V$$

$$G \leftrightarrow f \circ g \leftrightarrow f \otimes v$$

$$G(h) = \underset{h(v)}{g(h)} f = h(v) f$$

$$\forall h \in V^*$$

Also

$$G = F^*$$

check

$$\langle h, F(u) \rangle \stackrel{?}{=} \langle F^*(h), u \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{"} \\ & f(u) \langle h, v \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{"} \\ & f(u) h(v) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{"} \\ & \langle G(h), u \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{"} \\ & h(v) \langle f, u \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{"} \\ & h(v) f(u) \end{aligned}$$

□

DEF 36. Referring to LEM 35, we call the map

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hom}(U, V) &\rightarrow \text{Hom}(V^*, U^*) \\ \varphi &\rightarrow \varphi^* \end{aligned}$$

the transpose map.

LEM 37 Given fin dim vs $U \neq 0, V \neq 0$.

For $f \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$,

f^* is equal to the composition

$$\begin{aligned} V^* &\rightarrow V^* \otimes k \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes f} V^* \otimes U \otimes U^* \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes \text{id}} V^* \otimes V \otimes U^* \xrightarrow{\text{ev} \otimes \text{id}} k \otimes U^* \xrightarrow{\text{id} \otimes f} U^* \\ h &\rightarrow h \otimes 1 \end{aligned}$$

pf Pick a basis $\{u_i\}_i$ of U .

$\forall h \in V^*$

$$\begin{aligned} h &\rightarrow h \otimes 1 \rightarrow \sum_i h \otimes u_i \otimes u_i^* \rightarrow \sum_i h \otimes f(u_i) \otimes u_i^* \rightarrow \sum_i \underbrace{\langle h, f(u_i) \rangle}_{\langle f^*(h), u_i \rangle} \otimes u_i^* \\ &= \sum_i \langle f^*(h), u_i \rangle \otimes u_i^* \rightarrow \sum_i \langle f^*(h), u_i \rangle u_i^* = f^*(h) \end{aligned}$$

□

Given finite vector spaces U, V

Given bases $\{v_i\}$ for V
 $\{u_j\}$ for U

Given $f \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$

Recall $f(u_j) = \sum_i f_j^i v_i$ $\forall j$

LEM 38 With the above notation

$$f^*(v^i) = \sum_j f_j^i u^j$$
 $\forall i$

pf Recall $\forall h \in U^*$

$$h = \sum_j \langle h, u_j \rangle u^j$$

So $f^*(v^i) = \sum_j \underbrace{\langle f^*(v^i), u_j \rangle}_{\langle v^i, f(u_j) \rangle}_{f_j^i} u^j$

□

The trace map

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Motivation

Given fin dim'd vectn space V

Given basis $\{v_i\}$ of V

For $f \in \text{End}(V)$ write

$$f(v_j) = \sum_i f_j^i v_i \quad \#?$$

Recall $\text{tr}(f) = \sum_i f_i^i$

Given linear map

$$\text{tr} : \text{End}(V) \rightarrow k$$

