

## HOMEWORK #4

1. There are six ways to obtain a compact surface by identifying pairs of sides in a square. In each case determine what surface one obtains.
2. The following labeling schemes describe two dimensional surfaces:
  - $abc^{-1}b^{-1}a^{-1}c$
  - $abc^{-1}c^{-1}ba$
  - $a_1a_2 \cdots a_n a_1^{-1} a_2^{-1} \cdots a_n^{-1}$

In each case determine what standard surface it is homeomorphic to.

3. Consider the space  $X$  obtained from a seven-sided polygonal region by means of the labeling scheme  $abaaab^{-1}a^{-1}$ . Show that  $\pi_1(X)$  is the free product of two cyclic groups.
4. Let  $X$  be the quotient space obtained from an eight-sided polygonal region  $P$  by means of the labeling scheme  $abcdad^{-1}cb^{-1}$ . Let  $\pi : P \rightarrow X$  be the quotient map.
  - Show that  $P$  does not map all the vertices of  $P$  to the same point of  $X$ .
  - Determine the space  $A = \pi(\text{Bd } P)$  (the boundary of  $P$ ), and calculate its fundamental group.
  - Calculate the fundamental group of  $X$ . (Hint: first transform the labeling scheme into a standard one by cutting and pasting operations.)
  - What surface is  $X$  homeomorphic to?
5. Let  $X$  be a space obtained by pasting the edges of a polygonal region together in pairs.
  - Show that  $X$  is homeomorphic to exactly one of the spaces in the following list:  $S^2$ ,  $\mathbb{P}^2$ ,  $K$ ,  $T_n$ ,  $T_n \# \mathbb{P}^2$ ,  $T_n \# K$ , where  $K$  is the Klein bottle and  $n \geq 1$ .
  - Show that  $X$  is homeomorphic to exactly one of the spaces in the following list:  $S^2$ ,  $\mathbb{P}^2$ ,  $K_m$ ,  $T_n$ ,  $\mathbb{P}^2 \# K_m$ , where  $K_m$  is the  $m$ -fold connected sum of  $K$  with itself and  $m \geq 1$ .