Math 221 – Quiz 3 – February 14, 2002 Answers

1. (10 pts.) For $1 < x < \infty$ the function f is defined by

$$f(x) = 4 - (x - 1)^2.$$

Let g be the inverse function to f. You are given that the point (0,3) lies on y = g(x). Find the slope of the tangent line to the graph y = g(x) at point (x, y) = (0, 3). [Hint. Find g'(0).]

Answer: The curves y = g(x) and x = f(y) are the same so at any point

$$(x,y) = (x,g(x)) = (f(y),y)$$

on this curve we have

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = g'(x), \qquad \frac{dx}{dy} = f'(y).$$

In particular at the point (0,3) = (0,g(0)) = (f(3),3) we have that

$$g'(0) = \frac{1}{f'(3)}.$$

We compute:

$$f(y) = 4 - (y - 1)^2 = 3 + 2y - y^2, \qquad f'(y) = 2 - 2y.$$

Thus g'(0) = 1/(2 - 2(3)) = -1/4, which is the required slope.

2. (10 pts.) Let $y = u^7 + 7u$; u = 3x + 71. Find dy/dx.

Answer: By chain rule

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du}\frac{du}{dx} = (7u^6 + 7) \cdot 3 = 21u^6 + 21 = 21(3x + 71)^6 + 21.$$