

## Math 126: Homework 13

1. Consider the Cauchy problem

$$\frac{2xy}{1+y^2}u_x + u_y = -\frac{uy}{4},$$

for the function  $u(x, y)$  with initial data  $u(x, 0) = h(x) = \sin x$ .

- Calculate the characteristics and plot their trajectories in the  $xy$ -plane.
- Find  $u$  for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ .
- Verify that  $u$  is a solution by directly substituting it into the partial differential equation.
- Use a computer plotting program to plot  $u$  in the domain  $-25 < x < 25$  and  $-4 < y < 4$ .

2. Consider the linear PDE

$$-yu_x + xu_y = 0$$

for the function  $u(x, y)$  defined in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , with initial data  $u(x, 0) = h(x)$ . Calculate the characteristics, and determine a necessary and sufficient condition on the function  $h(x)$  for a solution to exist. In the case when this condition is satisfied, calculate the general solution of  $u(x, y)$ .

3. Consider the problem

$$u_x + 3x^2u_y = 3ux^2$$

for the function  $u(x, y)$  defined in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , with initial data  $u(x, 0) = h(x)$ .

- Calculate the characteristics, expressing them in the form  $X(s, t)$  and  $Y(s, t)$  where  $s$  is a coordinate along the initial data and  $t$  is a coordinate along each characteristic, with  $t = 0$  corresponding to the initial data.
- Calculate

$$J(s, t) = \begin{vmatrix} X_s(s, t) & Y_s(s, t) \\ X_t(s, t) & Y_t(s, t) \end{vmatrix}.$$

By considering  $J(s, 0)$ , determine a necessary condition on  $h'(0)$  in order for  $C^1$  solution to exist in a neighborhood of the  $x$  axis.

- Consider the case when  $h(x) = x^2$ . What is  $h'(0)$ ? Find the solution  $u(x, y)$  and determine whether it is  $C^1$ .

4. Find two solutions to the equation

$$u_x^2 + u_y^2 = 4u$$

in the disk  $\{x, y \in \mathbb{R} : x^2 + y^2 < 4\}$ , with initial data  $u(\cos s, \sin s) = 1$  for  $s \in \mathbb{R}$ .