

16. Let $\alpha > \omega$ be a limit cardinal.

OK

Claim: $(V_\alpha, \in) \models ZFC - \text{replacement}$

Extensionality: Since V_α is transitive,

if $x, y \in V_\alpha$ and $\forall z \in V_\alpha (z \in x \leftrightarrow z \in y)$

$$\text{then } \text{pred}(V_\alpha, x, \in) = \text{pred}(V_\alpha, y, \in)$$

$$\text{and } \text{pred}(V_\alpha, x, \in) = x, \text{pred}(V_\alpha, y, \in) = y$$

since V_α is transitive

$$\Rightarrow x = y.$$

Foundation: Since $V_\alpha \subset \text{WF}$, if $x \in V_\alpha$ and $\exists y \in V_\alpha$ s.t. $y \in x$

then take $z = \min \{w \in V_\alpha \cap x\}$, where

$w < v$ iff

$$\text{rank}_2(w) < \text{rank}_2(v)$$

then $z \in x$ and $\exists w \in V_\alpha$ s.t. $w \in x \wedge w \in z$

Comprehension: Let $\varphi(x, y, \bar{w})$ be a formula and fix
 $y, \bar{w} \in V_\alpha$.

$$\text{Consider } \{x \in y : \varphi^{V_\alpha}(x, y, \bar{w})\} = A$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{then } \text{rank}(A) &= \sup \{\text{rank}(x) + 1 : x \in A\} \\ &\leq \text{rank}_2(y) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

and since $y \in V_\alpha \Rightarrow \text{rank}(y) < \alpha$, and α is a limit

$$\Rightarrow \text{rank}_2(y) + 1 < \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow A \in V_\alpha.$$

Pairing: Let $x, y \in V_\alpha$ and consider $\{x, y\}$

$$\text{rank}(\{x, y\}) = \sup \{\text{rank}(z) + 1 : z \in \{x, y\}\}$$

Assume wlog, that $\text{rank}(x) \geq \text{rank}(y)$

Since $x \in V_\alpha \Rightarrow \text{rank}(x) < \omega$

$\Rightarrow \text{rank}(x) + 1 < \omega$, since ω limit

$\therefore \{x, y\} \in V_\omega$.

Union: Let $\mathcal{F} \in V_\alpha$ and consider $\bigcup \mathcal{F}$

Since $\mathcal{F} \in V_\alpha \Rightarrow \text{rank}(\mathcal{F}) < \omega$

$\Rightarrow \forall x \in \mathcal{F} \forall y \in x \text{ rank}(y) < \text{rank}(x) < \text{rank}(\mathcal{F}) < \omega$

$\therefore \text{rank}(\bigcup \mathcal{F}) = \sup \{\text{rank}(y) + 1 : y \in \bigcup \mathcal{F}\} < \omega$

Infinity: Since ω is a limit ordinal, and $\omega > \omega$ since ω is a limit.

$\text{rank}(\omega) = \omega < \omega \Rightarrow \omega \in V_\omega$.

Powerset: ~~**~~ Let $x \in V_\alpha$ and consider $\{y : y \subset x\}$

Since $y \subset x \Rightarrow \text{rank}(y) \leq \text{rank}(x) < \omega$

\therefore since ω is a limit ordinal

$\Rightarrow \exists \beta^{\text{suc}} < \omega$ s.t. $\text{rank}(y) \leq \text{rank}(x) = \beta$

$\Rightarrow \{y : y \subset x\} \in V_{\beta+1} \subset V_\omega$

Choice: Let $A \in V_\alpha$

Then in WF, $\exists R \subset A^2$ s.t. R well-orders A , and $R \in V_\alpha$ since pairing holds. And since $\text{rank}(R) \leq \text{rank}(A^2) = \sup \{\text{rank}(x) + 1 : x \in A^2\} < \omega$
 $\Rightarrow R \in V_\omega$.

16. continued

Claim: $(V_{\omega+\omega}, \in) \not\models \text{ZFC}$

enough to show $(V_{\omega+\omega}, \in) \not\models \text{replacement}$

Notice, since $\text{rank}(\omega) < \text{rank}(\omega+\omega)$, $\omega \in V_{\omega+\omega}$

Fix a bijection $f: \omega \xrightarrow{\sim} \omega+\omega$ and

let $\varphi(x, y) = "f(x) = y"$

then $\forall x \in \omega \exists ! y \varphi(x, y)$, since $\varphi(x, y)$ is the graph
of a function

So, if replacement held,

$\{y : \exists x \in \omega \varphi(x, y)\} \in V_{\omega+\omega}$

but $\text{rank}(\{y : \exists x \in \omega \varphi(x, y)\}) = \omega + \omega \Rightarrow \text{not in } V_{\omega+\omega}$.

So, $(V_{\omega+\omega}, \in) \not\models \text{ZFC}$. qed.

17. Let κ be an uncountable regular cardinal.

BR

Claim: $(H_\kappa, \in) \models \text{ZFC - powerset}$

Extensionality: Let $x, y \in H_\kappa$ and $x \neq y \in H_\kappa$

then since $x \neq y \Rightarrow \text{tc}(x) \subset \text{tc}(y)$

$$\Rightarrow |\text{tc}(x)| < |\text{tc}(y)| < \kappa$$

$$\Rightarrow x \in H_\kappa.$$

So, H_κ is transitive.

So, if $x \in H_\kappa$, $\text{pred}(H_\kappa, x, \in) = x$

\Rightarrow if $y \in H_\kappa$ and $\forall z \in H_\kappa (z \in x \leftrightarrow z \in y)$

$$\Rightarrow x = y.$$

Foundation: Notice $H_\kappa \subset V_\kappa$, since $\forall x \in H_\kappa, \text{rank}(x) < \kappa$
So, $H_\kappa \subset \text{WF}$.

clf $x \in H_\kappa$ and $\exists y \in H_\kappa$ s.t. $y \in x$,

take $z = \min \{w \in H_\kappa \cap x\}$, $w_0 < w_i$ iff

then $z \in x$ and $\exists w \in H_\kappa$ s.t. $w \in x \wedge w \in z$.
 $\text{rank}(w_0) < \text{rank}(w_i)$

Comprehension: Let $\varphi(x, y, \bar{w})$ be a formula and fix $y, \bar{w} \in H_\kappa$.
Consider $\{x \in y : \varphi^{H_\kappa}(x, y, \bar{w})\}$

Since $\forall y \in H_\kappa \Rightarrow |\text{tc}(y)| < \kappa$

$$\Rightarrow |\text{tc}(\{x \in y : \varphi^{H_\kappa}(x, y, \bar{w})\})| \leq |\text{tc}(y)| < \kappa$$

$$\Rightarrow \{\{x \in y : \varphi^{H_\kappa}(x, y, \bar{w})\}\} \in H_\kappa.$$

Pairing: Let $x, y \in H_K$ and consider $\{x, y\}$.

$$tc(\{x, y\}) = \{x, y\} \cup \bigcup \{tc(z) : z \in \{x, y\}\}$$

$$\text{So, } |tc(\{x, y\})| = |tc(x) \cup tc(y)|$$

and since $x, y \in H_K \Rightarrow |tc(x)|, |tc(y)| < K$,

$$|tc(\{x, y\})| < K$$

$$\Rightarrow \{x, y\} \in H_K.$$

Union: Let $\mathcal{F} \subseteq H_K$ and consider $\bigcup \mathcal{F}$

Since $|tc(A)| < K$, if $A \in \mathcal{F}$

$$|tc(A)| < |tc(\mathcal{F})| < K$$

$$\text{So, } |tc(\bigcup \mathcal{F})| < K$$

$$\Rightarrow \bigcup \mathcal{F} \in H_K.$$

Replacement: Let $\varphi(x, y, A, \bar{w})$ be a formula and fix
 $A, \bar{w} \in H_K$.

$$\text{Assume } \forall x \in A \exists! y \in H_K \varphi^{H_K}(x, y, A, \bar{w})$$

and consider $\{y : \exists x \in A \varphi^{H_K}(x, y, A, \bar{w})\} = B$

since each $y \in B$ has $|tc(y)| < K$, $B \subseteq H_K$.

$$\text{So, } tc(B) = B \cup \bigcup \{tc(y) : y \in B\}$$

and $|B|, |tc(y)| < K$ for all $y \in B$

$$\Rightarrow |tc(B)| < K, \text{ since } K \text{ is regular.}$$

Ia

Infinity: Since $\kappa > \omega$ and $\text{tc}(\omega) = \omega < \kappa$
 $\Rightarrow \omega \in H_\kappa$.

Choice: Let $A \in H_\kappa$. Since $H_\kappa \subset V_\kappa \in \text{WF}$ and $(\text{WF}, \in) \models \text{Choice}$,
 $\exists R \subset A^2$ that well orders A in WF

Since pairing holds, $R \subset H_\kappa$

and since $A \in H_\kappa \Rightarrow |\text{tc}(A)| < \kappa$, and $|A| = |A^2|$
 $\Rightarrow |\text{tc}(A^2)| < \kappa$
 $\Rightarrow |\text{tc}(R)| < \kappa$
 $\Rightarrow R \in H_\kappa$.

(19) Consider the Mostowski Collapse of OD, OR

$$\text{OD} \xrightarrow{f} M$$

Notice that $M \subset \text{OD}$, since if $m \in M$, then $f^{-1}(m) \in \text{OD}$

$$\Rightarrow \exists \varphi(v, I), z \in v \text{ s.t.}$$

$$\{f^{-1}(m)\} = \{y : \varphi(y, z)\}$$

Let $\Theta(x, y)$ be the graph of $f^{-1} : M \rightarrow \text{OD}$
and define $\psi(x, z) = \exists ! y (\varphi(y, z) \wedge \Theta(x, y))$

Then, since f^{-1} is an isomorphism,

there is exactly one such x

$$\Rightarrow \{m\} = \{x : \psi(x, z)\} \Rightarrow m \in \text{OD}.$$

Claim: $M = \text{HOD}$

$M \subseteq \text{HOD}$: if $m \in M$, $\text{tc}(m) \subset M$, since M is transitive
 $\Rightarrow \text{tc}(m) \subset \text{OD} \Rightarrow m \in \text{HOD}$

$\text{HOD} \subseteq M$: if $s \in \text{HOD}$, $\text{tc}(s) \subset \text{OD}$
 $\Rightarrow f(s) \in M$ and $\text{tc}(f(s)) \subset \text{OD}$
 $\Rightarrow f(s) \in \text{HOD} \cap M$
 $\Rightarrow f^{-1}(f(s)) \in M \cap \text{OD}$
 $\Rightarrow s \in M$

Therefore, $M = \text{HOD}$. *goal.*