

# Problem 11

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## Problem 1 (Wed Feb 12)

(a) Prove that there are no simple groups of order either 575 or 272.

(b) For any prime  $p$  prove there are no simple groups of order  $p(p-1)$  or  $p(p+2)$ .

(a) *Proof.* Since  $575 = 5^2 \times 23$ , by Sylow 3,  $n(23) = 23k + 1$  and  $n(23)|25$ . So  $n(23) = 1$ . By Sylow 2, we know  $G$  has a normal subgroup of order 23.

Since  $272 = 2^4 \times 17$ , by Sylow 3,  $n(17) = 17k + 1$  and  $n(17)|2^4$ . So  $n(17) = 1$ . By Sylow 2, we know  $G$  has a normal subgroup of order 17.

(b) *Proof.* Since  $(p, p-1) = 1$ , by Sylow 3,  $n(p) = pk + 1$  and  $n(p)|p-1$ . So  $n(p) = 1$ . By Sylow 2, we know  $G$  has a normal subgroup of order  $p$ .

Suppose  $p(p+2) = p^n m$ , where  $(p^n, m) = 1$ . If  $p \geq 3$ , then  $n = 1$  for  $p \nmid 2$ . By Sylow 3,  $n(p) = pk + 1$  and  $n(p)|p+2$ . So  $n(p) = 1$ . By Sylow 2, we know  $G$  has a normal subgroup of order  $p$ . If  $p = 2$ , then the order of  $G$  is  $2^3$ . So  $G$  is a 2-group. Since every  $p$ -group has nontrivial center,  $G$  is not simple.

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