

## Math 475 HW

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OR

(25) Prove:

$$\binom{3n}{n} = \sum_{a+b+c=n} \binom{n}{a} \binom{n}{b} \binom{n}{c}$$

Let  $S$  be a set with  $3n$  elements.

Partition  $S$  into 3 subsets,  $A, B, C$ , each with  $n$  elements

To make an  $n$ -sized subset of  $S$ ,  $a$  elements are chosen from  $A$ ,  $b$  elements are chosen from  $B$ , and  $c$  elements chosen from  $C$ . ( $c = n - a - b$ )

To count the number of these  $n$ -sized subsets, we can count the number of ways to choose  $a$  elements from  $A$  ( $a \leq n$ ), then multiply it the number of ways to choose  $b$  elements from  $B$  ( $b \leq n - a$ ), and finally multiply this by the number of ways to choose  $c$  elements from  $C$  ( $c \leq n - a - b$ ).

This must be repeated for all the ways that  $a, b$ , and  $c$  can be chosen.

So  $\binom{n}{0} \binom{n}{0} \binom{n}{n} + \binom{n}{0} \binom{n}{1} \binom{n}{n-1} + \dots + \binom{n}{3} \binom{n}{1} \binom{n}{0} + \dots + \binom{n}{n} \binom{n}{0} \binom{n}{0}$

This is generalized to:

$$\sum_{a+b+c=n} \binom{n}{a} \binom{n}{b} \binom{n}{c}$$